

CS 220: Survey of Programming Languages

LECTURE SLIDES

Dataflow Programming Languages

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Session 9



Dataflow Programming Languages

Dataflow Languages

SISAL

VHDL

Pure Data



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How we usually view computation...



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$$Z = A \times B + C$$

$$W = Z + 4$$

$$Y = Z^2 - (3Z + B)$$



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 - Follow rules of **precedence and associativity** of operators
 - **Sequentially** apply operations based on **order of statements/expressions**
- **(Sequential) Operator/Function-centric** view of computation



Changing our perspective...

$$Z = A \times B + C$$

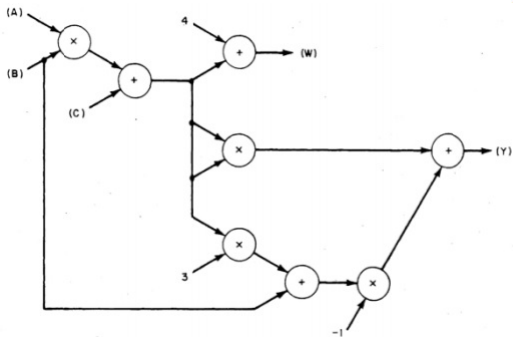
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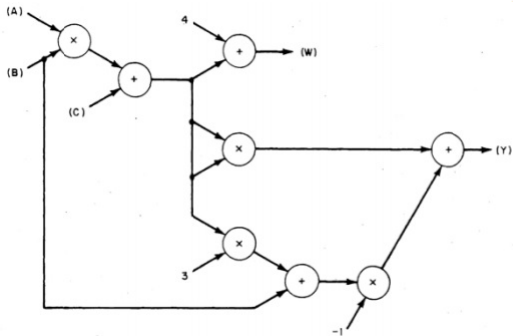
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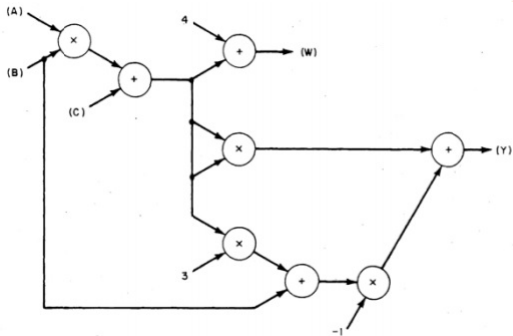
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- From focusing on which operator to operate first to **focus on which variables/data to move towards an operation**

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- Dataflow graph
- From focusing on which operator to operate first to **focus on which variables/data to move towards an operation**
- Possible **parallelization of independent operations**

Characteristics of a dataflow PL



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- Control structures are represented as **valves**
 - **Selector** valves take in 2 input tokens and uses a (Boolean) control token to select one of the inputs for outputting to an arc
 - **Distributor** valves take in an input token and uses a (Boolean) control token to send the input to one of 2 possible output arcs (representing “true” and “false”)



Characteristics of a dataflow PL



³http://paginas.fe.up.pt/~prodei/dsie12/papers/paper_17.pdf

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- Implementation of dataflow PLs usually entail **alternative hardware architecture**



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- Advantages³
 - Inherent **concurrency**
 - Existence of **visual implementations** of dataflow PLs



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Background



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<http://csg.csail.mit.edu/Users/dennis/barc-presentation/sld015.htm>

Background

- Streams and Iteration in a Single Assignment Language



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- Developed in 1985 as a derivative of VAL (Variable Assembly Language)
- Language has Pascal-like syntax
- “The language intended to compete in performance with Fortran while using the dataflow model to introduce parallel computation in the first multi-core machines.”
 - “... [M]icro-tasking environment [was provided to support] dataflow architecture on traditional single-core machines.”



Evaluation

- Data types⁴



⁴Proceedings of Future Parallel Computers: An Advanced Course in Pisa, Italy, June 9-20, 1986, pp. 112-115

Evaluation

- Data types⁴
 - Integer, single and double precision floating point real numbers, Boolean, and character primitive data types



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 - Arrays have **dynamic** bounds
 - Streams are **ordered, homogenous sequence/list of values**, components of which **are not indexed** (as with arrays)
 - Union types are **choice** types



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Evaluation

- Syntax design (Based on the **grammar of a Javascript interpreter** for SISAL⁵):



⁵https://github.com/parsifal-47/sisal-js/blob/master/helpful_data/sisal30bnf.txt#

⁶Manually counted

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Evaluation

- Syntax design (Based on the **grammar of a Javascript interpreter** for SISAL⁵):
 - Production rules: 98⁶
 - Keywords: ≥ 33 ⁶

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- Syntax design (Based on the **grammar of a Javascript interpreter** for SISAL⁵):
 - Production rules: 98⁶
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 - While it has Pascal-like syntax, SISAL **no longer has the uniformity issues of Pascal**, particularly the **repeat** issue⁷

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Evaluation

- Abstraction:
 - Any of the derived types allow for **creation of data structures**⁸
 - But **union** types are more popular (recommended?)

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- Exception handling: Done by (**explicitly**) **generating error values**, and **preserving component values known to be correct** prior to generation of error values.¹⁰

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Evaluation



¹¹RA Finkel, Chapter 6

¹²http://paginas.fe.up.pt/~prodei/dsie12/papers/paper_17.pdf

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 - **Data processing is done upon arrival at a node**, and forwarded along the dataflow chain
 - “In some benchmarks, **SISAL was able to outperform Fortran** in computation performance”



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- VHDL stands for Very High Speed Integrated Circuit (VHSIC) **Hardware Description Language**
- Created by the US Department of Defense to **document military designs for portability**, a standard of the language of which was adopted in 1987



Evaluation

- Data types¹³



¹³<http://cseweb.ucsd.edu/~tweng/cse143/VHDLReference/04.pdf>

¹⁴<http://tams-www.informatik.uni-hamburg.de/vhdl/tools/grammar/vhdl93-bnf.html>

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 - **Integers, bits, characters, logical, and enumeration** as primitive types



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 - Integers, bits, characters, logical, and enumeration as primitive types
 - Arrays and records as derived types



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 - Keywords: ~116¹⁶

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 - Think building ICs *in silico*: you only have “gates” which perform operations orthogonal from each other with flow directors, and then build everything on top of that
 - Comparable to assembly language programming

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Evaluation

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¹⁷<http://www.csee.umbc.edu/portal/help/VHDL/samples/samples.html>

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- Expressivity: Comparable to **assembly language programming**, plus **libraries for handling (basic) I/O**¹⁷



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- Exception handling: ¹⁸
 - Use **wait on... until** structure to raise exceptions
 - Best practice for exception handling: “...**[I]ntroduce an explicit [outer] loop and the outset of the process which handles normal processing.**”

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- Restricted aliasing: “VHDL Compiler **does not support access (pointer) types** because no equivalent hardware construct exists.”
19



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²⁰http://www.eda.org/VIUF_proc/Fall96/WICKS96A.PDF

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- Efficiency^{20,21}:
 - Employs **static** type checking.
 - “Each **process invocation** is costly.”
 - Use **variables over signals**, whenever possible



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Evaluation

- Restricted aliasing: “VHDL Compiler **does not support access (pointer) types** because no equivalent hardware construct exists.”¹⁹
- Efficiency^{20,21}:
 - Employs **static** type checking.
 - “Each **process invocation** is costly.”
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 - “**Integer types** perform better than logic types.”



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 - **Case statements** are more efficient than if statements
 - **(Bit) Arrays** are more efficient than individual (bit) variables



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Dataflow Programming Languages

Dataflow Languages

SISAL

VHDL

Pure Data



Background



Background

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- Derived from the **Max** programming languages and developed by Miller Puckette in the 1990's



Background

- Pure Data is an **open source visual programming language**
- Derived from the **Max** programming languages and developed by Miller Puckette in the 1990's
- “[Pure Data] enables **musicians, visual artists, performers, researchers, and developers** to create software graphically, without writing lines of code.”



Evaluation

- Data types^{22,23}

²²<http://www.pd-tutorial.com/english/ch02s02.html#id412354>

²³<http://en.flossmanuals.net/pure-data/network-data/osc/>



Evaluation

- Data types^{22,23}
 - Integer, single and double precision floating point real numbers, string, logical, and signals as primitive data types



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Evaluation

- Data types^{22,23}
 - Integer, single and double precision floating point real numbers, string, logical, and signals as primitive data types
 - Lists as derived types



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Evaluation

- Syntax design



Evaluation

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 - No grammar specification found, (number of) usable objects and keywords will be used instead as indicator
 - Surface objects: 16, each with varying number of inlets and outlets
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 - The use of the “Object” surface object spans several usages, from declaration of lists, printing out variables, creating expressions to invoking operations and functions



Evaluation

- Syntax design
 - No grammar specification found, (number of) usable objects and keywords will be used instead as indicator
 - Surface objects: 16, each with varying number of inlets and outlets
 - Keywords: 187
 - The use of the “Object” surface object spans several usages, from declaration of lists, printing out variables, creating expressions to invoking operations and functions
 - In addition, some of the capabilities of the “Object” surface object can be performed in the same manner as the “Message” surface object



Evaluation

- Abstraction: Can be achieved via **subpatch(ing of operations)** and **streamlining subpatches**²⁵



²⁵<http://www.pd-tutorial.com/english/ch05.html>

²⁶<http://www.pd-tutorial.com/english/ch03.html>

²⁷<http://www.pd-tutorial.com/english/ch04.html>

²⁸<http://www.pd-tutorial.com/english/ch02s02.html>

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- Abstraction: Can be achieved via **subpatch(ing of operations) and streamlining subpatches**²⁵
- Expressivity: Has rich set of functionalities, but mostly for **audio signal processing and music generation**^{25,26,27}



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- Restricted aliasing: No (explicit) aliasing begin done

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Evaluation

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 - Employs **dynamic** type-checking



Evaluation

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 - Pure Data is an **interpreted** language



Evaluation

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 - Significant delays in **creation of large arrays and graph**



Evaluation

- Efficiency
 - Employs **dynamic** type-checking
 - Pure Data is an **interpreted** language
 - Significant delays in **creation of large arrays and graph**
 - Prone to **stack overflow errors** due to combined memory requirement of interpreter itself and requirement of execution



END OF SESSION 9

